In the beginning of the article Finkelstein successfully juxtaposes one's relationship with food, to one you share with one of your closest friends. When someone is bored they look to fulfill the void that develops when one falls victim to boredom, food gets the job done (this sentence does not make sense - instead of other human interaction to fill that hole, eating food creates that sense of fullness which in turn creates a feeling of, "ecstasy, it is sp very valuable in the unraveling of the irrationalities and ambiguities of modern social life." Direct quotes need citation/page numbers Eating food has become the main way to get rid of boredom. Food needs a capital F and is also described as a play thing. Since the widespread availability of different ethnic foods, it becomes sort of a game to try to create new concoctions, which will create a new marketplace and boom of this new mixture of foods and ethnicities spelling mistake, awkward sentence, the needs a capital T mass production of these different foods changed peoples perceptions on the outlook of cultures. However With the emergence of large fast food corporations, such as McDonalds, spelling aspects of typical food relations are reduced or almost lost. When companies like McDonalds spelling mass produce the same foods over and over again, you lose the element of surprise, you are getting what you expected. This repetition of food does not relieve someone's boredom, it lacks creativity, the experience of making food and experiencing something new relieves the boredom not the food itself sentence does not make sense. McDonald's does not give you the needed imaginary element that making your own food does. By going to fast food establishments the fun of going to the store, picking your own ingredients, loses the play aspect of the food. Once needs a capital O again the same food, loses the creativity and creolized tastes of distinct cultures.

To prove her point Finkelstein used Australia as an example of what McDonalds is doing to nations similar to it. In the 1990's Australia's culture became larger and more diverse. As the population became more heterogeneous, large fast food corporations saw this as a new marketing opportunity and pounced on the chance. The flourishing of new foods and culture was ruined (is this an overstatement?) by the new $24 billion fast food market that took away from the changing culture and went back to the british food habits and pre cooked/prepared food needs reorganization . Food culture lost all its meaning. The author is not arguing that food culture has lost all its meaning. I don't think you understand her argument.

This article represents how society today is being run by industry, not just fast food but all aspects of society sentence could be better organized. It has marketing in all sporting events, TV programs and charity sponsors, it literally runs our society comma splice. It causes obesity and poor health with its low quality food, and ruins culture with the repetition of the same low quality food.

This was a great choice for this assignment but I don't think you fully grasped the author's argument. Your writing also needs work-- I'd suggest contacting Geneseo's Writing Learning Center. For example, it is shocking to see the first words in sentences not capitalized at the college level.